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| 09/615,663 | 07/14/2000 | Rohit Khare | 004962.P001 | 6238 | |
| 8791 BLAKELY SC | 7590 08/24/2007 OKOLOFF TAYLOR & Z | EXAM | EXAMINER | | |
| 1279 OAKME | AD PARKWAY | HU, JII | HU, JINSONG | | |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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| | | Appli | cation No. | | Applicant(s) | | | |
| Office Action Summary | | 09/61 | 15,663 | | KHARE ET AL. | | | |
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| Period for I | The MAILING DATE of this commu Reply | nication appears or | n the cover sheet | with the co | orrespondence ad | Idress | | |
| WHICH - Extension after SIX - If NO pe - Failure to Any repl | RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE None of time may be available under the provision (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comind for reply is specified above, the maximum so reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three months patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | MAILING DATE OF s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In a munication. tatutory period will apply a y will, by statute, cause the | THIS COMMUI no event, however, may and will expire SIX (6) Me application to become | NICATION of a reply be time MONTHS from the ABANDONED | l. ely filed he mailing date of this c O (35 U.S.C. § 133). | , | | |
| Status | | | | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ R | esponsive to communication(s) fil | ed on <i>22 May 200</i> | 7 | | | | | |
| · | | 2b)⊠ This action | | | | | | |
| 3)□ Si | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | |
| Disposition | of Claims | | | | | | | |
| 4a 5)☐ Cl 6)⊠ Cl 7)☐ Cl | laim(s) <u>1,6,10-12,16,25-27,32,36-</u>) Of the above claim(s) is/a laim(s) is/are allowed. laim(s) <u>1, 6, 10-12, 16, 25-27, 32,</u> laim(s) is/are objected to. laim(s) are subject to restri | are withdrawn from 36-38, 42, and 77 | n consideration. - <u>92</u> is/are reject | | ation. | | | |
| Application | Papers | | | | | | | |
| 9) <u></u> Th | e specification is objected to by the | e Examiner. | | | | | | |
| | 10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | |
| | oplicant may not request that any obje | _ | | | | | | |
| | eplacement drawing sheet(s) including e oath or declaration is objected t | - | - | | | • • | | |
| Priority und | der 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | |
| a) <u>□</u> 1. 2. 3. | knowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority Certified copies of the priority Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation | documents have documents have of the priority documal Bureau (PCT | been received. been received in uments have bed Rule 17.2(a)). | n Application | on No d in this National | Stage | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | . . . | | | | | |
| 2) D Notice o 3) D Informat | f References Cited (PTO-892) f Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I ion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date | PTO-948) | Paper N | | | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1, 6, 10-12, 16, 25-27, 32, 36-38, 42 and 77-92 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claim 92 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mishra et al. (US 6,178,424 B1), in view of "Official Notice".
- 4. As per claim 92, Mishra teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method, comprising of receiving a connection from a user, automatically subscribe to events on behalf of the user and delivering events and/or other web page content to the user [col. 5, lines 11-15 & 34-58; col. 7, lines 42-58; col. 8, lines 12-41].
- 5. Mishra does not specifically teach the network is Internet. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for Internet is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art

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include Internet with Mishra's system because it would increase the efficiency and reliability of the system.

- 6. Mishra does not specifically teach the client system having an embedded microserver. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for embedded micro-server is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include embedded micro-server with Mishra's system because it would improve the performance of the entire system.
- 7. Claims 1 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mishra et al. (US 6,910,070) in view of Langseth et al. (US 6,671,715).
- 8. As per claim 1, Mishra teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method comprising:

organizing the received information into a set of topics [col. 6, lines 11-39];

facilitating a user to persistently subscribe to information based on at least one topic selected from among the set of topics [col. 5, lines 11-15 & 34-58; col. 7, lines 42-58; col. 8, lines 12-41]; and

delivering the event to the user via the Internet immediately upon detection based on a subscription to a topic, wherein delivering the event to the user is not reply to a request from the user [col. 6, line 40 – col. 7, line 6].

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9. Mishra does not specifically teach the step of monitoring and detecting publication of information. However, Langseth on the other hand teaches the step of monitoring and detecting publication of information [col. 3, lines 32-35; col. 5, line 59 – col. 6, line 10]. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Langseth's monitoring step in Mishra's system because doing so would enable the system to obtain latest publication information in real time. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify Mishra's system to provide the best service to user.

- 10. As per claim 6, Mishra teaches organizing information into non-events, alerts, messages, queries, data, data contents, streams or queues [col. 1, lines 39-51].
- 11. Claims 10-12, 16, 25-27, 32, 36-38, 42 and 77-91 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mishra et al. (US 6,178,424 B1) in view of Langseth et al. (US 6,671,715) as applied to claims 1, 6 and 11-12 above, in view of "Official Notice".
- 12. As per claim 10, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not specifically teach organizing events based on URL. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for URL is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of

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ordinary skill in the art include URL with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would make the organizing procedure less complicated.

- 13. As per claims 11 and 12, Mishra and Langseth teach facilitating a user to persistently subscribe to a source locator, emails address, a name or a location and to specify a level of interest in the web user [col. 7, line 59 col. 8, line 11; col. 8, lines 34-41]. However, both references do not specifically teach organizing events based on URL. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for URL is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include URL with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would make the organizing procedure less complicated.
- 14. As per claim 16, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Additionally, Mishra teaches the step of registering a user's device and establishing preferences for routing information to the user [col. 4, lines 38-48]. However, both references do not specifically teach the user's device including a pager, cellular telephone etc. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for pager, cellular telephone etc. devices are well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include pager, cellular telephone etc. devices with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would improve the capability of the system.

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15. As per claims 25 and 26, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. However, both references do not specifically teach the client system having an embedded micro-server. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for embedded micro-server is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include embedded micro-server with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would improve the performance of the entire system.

16. As per claims 27 and 85, Mishra teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method comprising:

organizing the detected information into at least one event and routing the event to a set of topics [col. 6, lines 11-39];

facilitating at least one client to persistently subscribe to information based on at least one topic selected from among the set of topics [col. 5, lines 11-15 & 34-58; col. 7, lines 42-58; col. 8, lines 12-41]; and

delivering the event via the network information to the client immediately upon detection based on a subscription to a topic, wherein delivering the event to the client is initiated by server, and wherein the client does not include a programmed request and/or a poll for the event [col. 6, line 40 – col. 7, line 6].

17. Mishra does not specifically teach the step of monitoring and detecting publication of information. However, Langseth on the other hand teaches the step of

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monitoring and detecting publication of information [col. 3, lines 32-35; col. 5, line 59 – col. 6, line 10]. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Langseth's monitoring step in Mishra's system because doing so would enable the system to obtain latest publication information in real time. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify Mishra's system to provide the best service to user.

- 18. Both references do not specifically teach the network is Internet. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for Internet is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include Internet with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would increase the efficiency and reliability of the system.
- 19. As per claim 32, Mishra teaches organizing information into non-events, alerts, messages, queries, data, data contents, streams or queues [col. 1, lines 39-51].
- 20. As per claim 36, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not specifically teach organizing events based on URL. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for URL is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include URL with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would make the organizing procedure less complicated.

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21. As per claims 37 and 38, Mishra and Langseth teach facilitating a user to persistently subscribe to a source locator, emails address, a name or a location and to specify a level of interest in the web user [col. 7, line 59 – col. 8, line 11; col. 8, lines 34-41]. However, Both references do not specifically teach organizing events based on URL. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for URL is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include URL with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would make the organizing procedure less complicated.

- 22. As per claim 42, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Additionally, Mishra teaches the step of registering a user's device and establishing preferences for routing information to the user [col. 4, lines 38-48]. However, Both references do not specifically teach the user's device including a pager, cellular telephone etc. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for pager, cellular telephone etc. devices are well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include pager, cellular telephone etc. devices with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would improve the capability of the system.
- 23. As per claim 77, Mishra teaches the step of delivering the at least one event from multiple subscriptions to the client using a single connection [col. 6, lines 40-63].

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24. As per claim 78, Mishra teaches the step of delivering a first event via the network once and a second event via the network once, the first event being different from the second event [col. 5, lines 11-15].

- 25. As per claim 79, Mishra teaches the step of re-establishing a broken connection while delivering the at least one event to the client once [col. 5, lines 50-54].
- 26. As per claim 80, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 27. Both references do not specifically teach the client system having an embedded micro-server. However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for embedded micro-server is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include embedded micro-server with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would improve the performance of the entire system.
- 27. As per claims 81 and 82, Mishra teaches delivering the at least one event to a web browser at the client [col. 6, lines 40-63].
- 28. As per claims 83 and 84, Mishra and Langseth teach the invention substantially as claimed in claim 1. Both references do not specifically teach organizing events based on URL. However, "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for URL is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to

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a person of ordinary skill in the art include URL with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would make the organizing procedure less complicated.

29. As per claims 86-87 and 91, Mishra teaches the invention substantially as claimed including a method comprising:

organizing the detected information into at least one event and routing the event to a set of topics [col. 6, lines 11-39];

facilitating at least one client to persistently subscribe to information based on at least one topic selected from among the set of topics [col. 5, lines 11-15 & 34-58; col. 7, lines 42-58; col. 8, lines 12-41]; and

delivering the event via the network information to the client immediately upon detection based on a subscription to a topic, wherein delivering the event to the client is initiated by server, and wherein the client does not include a programmed request and/or a poll for the event [col. 6, line 40 – col. 7, line 6].

30. Mishra does not specifically teach the step of monitoring and detecting publication of information. However, Langseth on the other hand teaches the step of monitoring and detecting publication of information [col. 3, lines 32-35; col. 5, line 59 – col. 6, line 10]. However, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include Langseth's monitoring step in Mishra's system because doing so would enable the system to obtain latest publication

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information in real time. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to modify Mishra's system to provide the best service to user.

- 31. Both references do not specifically teach the transmitting protocol is web protocol. "Official Notice" is taken that both the concept and advantages of providing for web protocol is well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art include web protocol with Mishra/Langseth's system because it would make the system more efficiency and reliable.
- 32. As per claim 88, Mishra teaches the step of delivering a first event via the network once and a second event via the network once, the first event being different from the second event [col. 5, lines 11-15].
- 33. As per claim 89, Mishra teaches the step of re-establishing a broken connection while delivering the at least one event to the client once [col. 5, lines 50-54].
- 34. As per claim 90, Mishra teaches delivering the at least one event to a web browser at the client [col. 6, lines 40-63].

Conclusion

35. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jinsong Hu whose telephone number is (571) 272-3965.

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The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272-1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jinsong Hu

August 17, 2007